MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/52

Paper 5 (Practical), maximum raw mark 45

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2			Mark Scheme Sy		Paper	
				IGCSE – May/June 2014	0654	52	
1	(a)	pur	[1]				
	(b)	 (b) (i) row or column for A and B; row or column for recording time with suitable units (in heading or with e reading); 					
		(ii)		Its recorded for both blocks (neither greater than 54 k B has shorter time ;	00s/90min);	[2]	
	(c)	 acid diffuses (into agar); pH is reduced/acid neutralizes alkali/it becomes neutral; 				[2]	
	(d)	 different volumes of acid ; use the same volume/amount ; OR difficult to judge the end point (do not allow just 'timing') ; (so) repeat and calculate a mean/time to whole block colourless ; OR difficult to cut blocks evenly/dimensions not accurate ; (so) have a guide to help cutting/use moulds for A and B ; (to award second mark the improvement must match a stated inaccuracy) any two 					
	(e)	(i)		ction in distance for diffusion/ B is a smaller block to volume ratio ;	<td>face [1]</td>	face [1]	
		(ii)	thin	alveoli wall/one cell thick ;		[1]	
	(f)	(i)	diffe	rent sized blocks/greater range of block sizes/anot	her size of block	; [1]	
		(ii)		on one axis and volume/block size/length of s me ratio on other axis ;	side/surface are	a to [1]	

[Total: 15]

	Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2014	0654	52
2	(a) (i)	blue	/blue-green/green;		[1]
	(ii)		<i>ervation :</i> no reaction ; <i>clusion :</i> not carbonate/not CO ₃ ^{2–} ;		[2]
	(iii)	 observation : no reaction (allow grey ppt) ; conclusion : not chloride / not Cl⁻; (conclusion must follow an observation other than white ppt for second mark) 			
	(iv)	cond	ervation : white ppt ; clusion : sulfate/SO4 ²⁻ ; clusion must follow white ppt/white solid/milky for s	second mark)	[2]
	(b) (i)		vn ppt/brown solid/brown suspension/insoluble bro w red-brown ppt)	own ;	[1]
	(ii)		<i>ur of filtrate :</i> (dark) blue ; <i>ur of residue :</i> brown/red-brown/black/green ;		[2]
	(iii)	catic OR catic	on in filtrate : Cu ²⁺ /copper (not Cu); on in residue : Fe ³⁺ /iron(III) on in residue : Fe ²⁺ /iron(II) if residue in (b) (ii) is gre from (b) (ii) if filtrate and residue transposed)	en ;	[2]
	OR		opper sulfate AND <i>salt 2 :</i> iron(III) sulfate ; opper sulfate AND <i>salt 2</i> : iron(II) sulfate if residue i	n (b) (ii) is green ;	
			It 1 and salt 2 may be transposed or wrong anion		[1]
		 (d) steam/white fumes/white gas/condensation at top of test-tube ; solid goes brown ; 			
					[Total: 15]

	Page 4		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2014	0654	52
3	(a) (i)		lue recorded ; lue recorded ;		[2]
	(ii)	A/a	mp(ere) ;		[1]
	(iii)	I val V va	lues all recorded ; lues < 1 A and to at least two decimal places ; lues all < 2.5 V and to at least one decimal place ; lues decreasing down table ;		[4]
	(b) (i)		? values correct ; es decreasing down Table 3.1 ;		[2]
	(ii)	the I	amp gets dimmer (as <i>l</i> increases) ;		[1]
	(c) (i)	five	$\frac{V}{l}$ values correct ; $\frac{V}{l}$ values correct ; values to two/three significant figures ;		[3]
	(ii)		disagree/wrong ;	V	
			fication matches comment and refers to results ϵ ecreases as l increases ;	e.g. $\frac{v}{l}$ not cons	tant, [2]